QUESTION 2014

Group – A (Multiple Choice Type Questions)

- 1. Choose the correct alternatives for any ten of the following:
- i) Maximum number of edges with n vertices in a completely connected graph is

a)
$$(n-1)$$

b)
$$\frac{(n-1)}{2}$$

c)
$$\frac{n}{2}$$

$$\text{d) } \frac{n(n-1)}{2}$$

- ii) Prim's algorithm is used to find the minimal spanning tree of a
 - a) dense graph

b) sparse graph

c) null graph

√d) normal graph

- iii) A Simple graph has
 - a) no self loops
 - √c) both (a) and (b)

- b) no parallel edges
- d) none of these

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(N) The generating function of {1, 1, 1,} is

$$\sqrt{a}$$
 $\frac{1}{(1-x)}$

b)
$$\frac{1}{(1+x)}$$

c)
$$\frac{1}{(1-x)(1+x)}$$

d) none of these

v) A Grammar is said to be regular if it is of

- a) type 0
- c) type 2

- b) type 1
- √d) type 4

vi) The mathematical model of Mealy machine is a

- a) 5 tuple
- √c) 6 tuple

- b) 4 tuple
- d) none of these

vii) If n! = x(n-2)! Then x =

- a) n
- c) n(n-2)

b) n-1

$$\checkmark$$
d) $n(n-1)$

viii) Number of four digit numbers formed by digits 3, 1, 3, 1 is

a) 5

b) 10

c) 20

√d) 6

ix) The proposition $P \wedge (Q \wedge -Q)$ is a

- √a) contradiction
- c) both (a) and (b)

- b) tautology
- d) none of these

x) Number of elements contained in an incidence matrix of a digraph is

a) 1

b) 2

- √c) 3
- d) none of these

xi) A pseudo graph

- a) Must have loops
- c) Must have parallel edges

- √b) Does not have loop
- d) None of these

xii) Choose the correct statement:

- √a) path is an open walk
- c) every trail is a path

- b) every walk is a trail
- d) a vertex cannot appear twice in a walk

Group - B (Short Answer Type Questions)

2. In an examination a minimum is to be secured in each of the 5 subjects for a pass. In how many ways can a student fail?

See Topic: COMBICOTRONICS, Short Answer Type Question No. 12.

3. Find the sequence from the generating function $\frac{(3+7x)}{(1-x)(1+4x)}$

See Topic: INDUCTION AND RECURSION, Short Answer Type Question No. 11.

4. Prove that $((P \land \neg Q) \rightarrow R) \rightarrow (P \rightarrow (Q \lor R))$ is a tautology.

See Topic: MATHEMATICAL LOGIC, Short Answer Type Question No. 1.

5. Write a short note on Moore machine.

See Topic: MOORE MEALY MACHINE, Long Answer Type Question No. 4(a).

6. Show that a tree with n vertices has (n-1) edges.

See Topic: TREE, Short Answer Type Question No. 2.

Group – C
(Long Answer Type Questions)

7. a) Solve the following recurrence relation by generating function method:

$$a^{n} - 2a_{n-1} + a_{n-2} = 2^{n-2}$$
 for $n \ge 2$ and $a_0 = 1$, $a_1 = 5$

- b) What is a Deterministic Finite Automata (DFA)? Explain with suitable example.
- c) Write CNF and DNF of the following statement: $p \vee \{\neg p \rightarrow (q \vee (q \rightarrow \neg r))\}$
- a) See Topic: INDUCTION AND RECURSION, Long Answer Type Question No. 1.
- b) See Topic: FINITE AUTOMATA, Short Answer Type Question No. 2.
- c) See Topic: MATHEMATICAL LOGIC, Short Answer Type Question No. 9.
- 8. a) Find the grammar of the terminals $\{a,b\}$ that generates the language $L = \{a,ab,ab^2,ab^3,....\}$.
- b) Let Z be a set of all integers and a binary relation ρ is defined on Z by the rule, mpn means m n is divisible by 5 such that ρ is an equivalence relation on Z and identify the equivalent classes.
- c) Show that $2n = 2n\{1,3,5...(2n-1)\}$ n

s) See Topic: AUTOMATA AND GRAMMAR, Short Answer Type Question No. 1.

b) See Topic: COMBICOTRONICS, Short Answer Type Question No. 2.

c) See Topic: COMBICOTRONICS, Short Answer Type Question No. 7.

g. a) Find out the characteristic roots of the recurrence relation $a_n + 4a_{n-1} + 3a_{n-2} = 0$ and hence solve it.

b) Show that a simple graph with n vertices and k components has at most $\frac{(n-k)(n-k+1)}{2}$ edges.

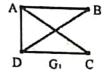
c) Prove the following equivalence: $\neg p \land q \Leftrightarrow \neg (p \lor (\neg p \land q))$.

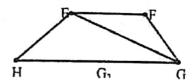
a) See Topic: INDUCTION AND RECURSION, Short Answer Type Question No. 8.

b) See Topic: GRAPH THEORY, Long Answer Type Question No. 2.

c) See Topic: MATHEMATICAL LOCIC, Long Answer Type Question No. 6(c).

10. a) Find whether the following two graphs are isomorphic or not:





b) How many integral solutions are there of $x_1+x_2+x_3+x_4+x_5=30$ where $x_1 \ge 2$, $x_2 \ge 3$, $x_3 \ge 4$, $x_4 \ge 2$, $x_5 \ge 0$.

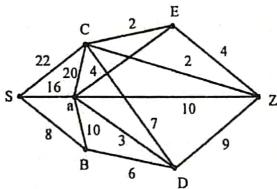
c) Determine the value of n if $4 \times {}^{n}P_{3} = {}^{n+1}P_{3}$

a) See Topic: GRAPH THEORY, Short Answer Type Question No. 20.

b) See Topic: COMBICOTRONICS, Long Answer Type Question No. 1(b).

c) See Topic: COMBICOTRONICS, Short Answer Type Question No. 10.

11. a) Using Kruskal's algorithm find the minimal spanning tree from the following graph from S to Z.



b) Write short note on Hamiltonian Graph.

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c) Using the principle of mathematical induction prove that

$$1^{2} + 2^{2} + 3^{2} + ... + n^{2} = \frac{n(n+1)(2n+1)}{6}$$

- a) See Topic: GRAPH THEORY, Short Answer Type Question No. 21.
- b) See Topic: GRAPH THEORY, Long Answer Type Question No. 13(a).
- c) See Topic: INDUCTION AND RECURSION, Short Answer Type Question No. 11.